



Otto town, Cattaraugus County, New York

Selected Economic Characteristics: 2005-2009

Data Set: 2005-2009 American Community Survey 5-Year Estimates

Survey: American Community Survey

NOTE. Although the American Community Survey (ACS) produces population, demographic and housing unit estimates, it is the Census Bureau's Population Estimates Program that produces and disseminates the official estimates of the population for the nation, states, counties, cities and towns and estimates of housing units for states and counties.

For more information on confidentiality protection, sampling error, nonsampling error, and definitions, see [Survey Methodology](#).

Selected Economic Characteristics	Estimate	Margin of Error	Percent	Margin of Error
EMPLOYMENT STATUS				
Population 16 years and over	602	+/-104	602	(X)
In labor force	397	+/-95	65.9%	+/-8.9
Civilian labor force	397	+/-95	65.9%	+/-8.9
Employed	366	+/-92	60.8%	+/-8.8
Unemployed	31	+/-15	5.1%	+/-2.5
Armed Forces	0	+/-123	0.0%	+/-5.6
Not in labor force	205	+/-56	34.1%	+/-8.9
Civilian labor force	397	+/-95	397	(X)
Percent Unemployed	7.8%	+/-3.9	(X)	(X)
Females 16 years and over				
Females 16 years and over	290	+/-63	290	(X)
In labor force	184	+/-61	63.4%	+/-13.5
Civilian labor force	184	+/-61	63.4%	+/-13.5
Employed	166	+/-59	57.2%	+/-13.5
Own children under 6 years				
Own children under 6 years	26	+/-17	26	(X)
All parents in family in labor force	7	+/-7	26.9%	+/-27.8
Own children 6 to 17 years				
Own children 6 to 17 years	131	+/-65	131	(X)
All parents in family in labor force	64	+/-43	48.9%	+/-26.4
COMMUTING TO WORK				
Workers 16 years and over	352	+/-90	352	(X)
Car, truck, or van -- drove alone	314	+/-76	89.2%	+/-5.6
Car, truck, or van -- carpooled	24	+/-21	6.8%	+/-5.2
Public transportation (excluding taxicab)	0	+/-123	0.0%	+/-9.5
Walked	0	+/-123	0.0%	+/-9.5
Other means	0	+/-123	0.0%	+/-9.5
Worked at home	14	+/-11	4.0%	+/-3.1
Mean travel time to work (minutes)	35.7	+/-5.7	(X)	(X)
OCCUPATION				
Civilian employed population 16 years and over	366	+/-92	366	(X)
Management, professional, and related occupations	91	+/-54	24.9%	+/-10.7
Service occupations	37	+/-18	10.1%	+/-5.7
Sales and office occupations	67	+/-31	18.3%	+/-7.8
Farming, fishing, and forestry occupations	10	+/-13	2.7%	+/-3.6
Construction, extraction, maintenance, and repair occupations	67	+/-27	18.3%	+/-6.9
Production, transportation, and material moving occupations	94	+/-33	25.7%	+/-7.2

Selected Economic Characteristics	Estimate	Margin of Error	Percent	Margin of Error
INDUSTRY				
Civilian employed population 16 years and over	366	+/-92	366	(X)
Agriculture, forestry, fishing and hunting, and mining	13	+/-14	3.6%	+/-3.8
Construction	67	+/-26	18.3%	+/-6.6
Manufacturing	57	+/-30	15.6%	+/-7.6
Wholesale trade	20	+/-31	5.5%	+/-8.4
Retail trade	49	+/-28	13.4%	+/-7.4
Transportation and warehousing, and utilities	25	+/-15	6.8%	+/-3.8
Information	0	+/-123	0.0%	+/-9.1
Finance and insurance, and real estate and rental and leasing	19	+/-19	5.2%	+/-4.6
Professional, scientific, and management, and administrative and waste management services	29	+/-24	7.9%	+/-5.7
Educational services, and health care and social assistance	57	+/-23	15.6%	+/-5.3
Arts, entertainment, and recreation, and accommodation and food services	11	+/-10	3.0%	+/-2.6
Other services, except public administration	5	+/-6	1.4%	+/-1.8
Public administration	14	+/-13	3.8%	+/-3.7
CLASS OF WORKER				
Civilian employed population 16 years and over	366	+/-92	366	(X)
Private wage and salary workers	268	+/-78	73.2%	+/-8.0
Government workers	74	+/-32	20.2%	+/-6.7
Self-employed in own not incorporated business workers	24	+/-14	6.6%	+/-4.5
Unpaid family workers	0	+/-123	0.0%	+/-9.1
INCOME AND BENEFITS (IN 2009 INFLATION-ADJUSTED DOLLARS)				
Total households	317	+/-47	317	(X)
Less than \$10,000	17	+/-12	5.4%	+/-3.7
\$10,000 to \$14,999	21	+/-11	6.6%	+/-3.8
\$15,000 to \$24,999	23	+/-14	7.3%	+/-4.5
\$25,000 to \$34,999	45	+/-25	14.2%	+/-7.2
\$35,000 to \$49,999	44	+/-21	13.9%	+/-6.4
\$50,000 to \$74,999	96	+/-30	30.3%	+/-8.2
\$75,000 to \$99,999	36	+/-20	11.4%	+/-6.4
\$100,000 to \$149,999	35	+/-20	11.0%	+/-5.8
\$150,000 to \$199,999	0	+/-123	0.0%	+/-10.4
\$200,000 or more	0	+/-123	0.0%	+/-10.4
Median household income (dollars)	54,688	+/-17,962	(X)	(X)
Mean household income (dollars)	54,481	+/-5,713	(X)	(X)
With earnings	250	+/-48	78.9%	+/-7.5
Mean earnings (dollars)	52,329	+/-6,974	(X)	(X)
With Social Security	90	+/-29	28.4%	+/-8.5
Mean Social Security income (dollars)	15,292	+/-1,330	(X)	(X)
With retirement income	89	+/-30	28.1%	+/-8.9
Mean retirement income (dollars)	19,596	+/-4,362	(X)	(X)
With Supplemental Security Income	14	+/-16	4.4%	+/-5.1
Mean Supplemental Security Income (dollars)	9,371	+/-2,307	(X)	(X)
With cash public assistance income	0	+/-123	0.0%	+/-10.4
Mean cash public assistance income (dollars)	-	**	(X)	(X)
With Food Stamp/SNAP benefits in the past 12 months	13	+/-11	4.1%	+/-3.5
Families				
Families	227	+/-50	227	(X)
Less than \$10,000	10	+/-9	4.4%	+/-4.1
\$10,000 to \$14,999	0	+/-123	0.0%	+/-14.3
\$15,000 to \$24,999	19	+/-13	8.4%	+/-5.6
\$25,000 to \$34,999	19	+/-12	8.4%	+/-5.0
\$35,000 to \$49,999	32	+/-19	14.1%	+/-8.1
\$50,000 to \$74,999	83	+/-29	36.6%	+/-9.7
\$75,000 to \$99,999	29	+/-20	12.8%	+/-8.2
\$100,000 to \$149,999	35	+/-20	15.4%	+/-7.9
\$150,000 to \$199,999	0	+/-123	0.0%	+/-14.3
\$200,000 or more	0	+/-123	0.0%	+/-14.3
Median family income (dollars)	64,583	+/-8,375	(X)	(X)
Mean family income (dollars)	62,542	+/-6,701	(X)	(X)
Per capita income (dollars)	22,564	+/-3,250	(X)	(X)

Selected Economic Characteristics	Estimate	Margin of Error	Percent	Margin of Error
Nonfamily households	90	+/-30	90	(X)
Median nonfamily income (dollars)	31,190	+/-5,352	(X)	(X)
Mean nonfamily income (dollars)	31,144	+/-6,731	(X)	(X)
Median earnings for workers (dollars)	31,007	+/-3,481	(X)	(X)
Median earnings for male full-time, year-round workers (dollars)	38,929	+/-5,595	(X)	(X)
Median earnings for female full-time, year-round workers (dollars)	24,167	+/-3,837	(X)	(X)
HEALTH INSURANCE COVERAGE				
Civilian Noninstitutionalized Population	(X)	(X)	(X)	(X)
With health insurance coverage	(X)	(X)	(X)	(X)
With private health insurance coverage	(X)	(X)	(X)	(X)
With public health coverage	(X)	(X)	(X)	(X)
No health insurance coverage	(X)	(X)	(X)	(X)
Civilian Noninstitutionalized Population Under 18 years	(X)	(X)	(X)	(X)
No health insurance coverage	(X)	(X)	(X)	(X)
PERCENTAGE OF FAMILIES AND PEOPLE WHOSE INCOME IN THE PAST 12 MONTHS IS BELOW THE POVERTY LEVEL				
All families	5.7%	+/-4.2	(X)	(X)
With related children under 18 years	16.3%	+/-12.2	(X)	(X)
With related children under 5 years only	0.0%	+/-100.0	(X)	(X)
Married couple families	0.0%	+/-17.2	(X)	(X)
With related children under 18 years	0.0%	+/-41.1	(X)	(X)
With related children under 5 years only	0.0%	+/-100.0	(X)	(X)
Families with female householder, no husband present	54.2%	+/-28.7	(X)	(X)
With related children under 18 years	76.5%	+/-34.2	(X)	(X)
With related children under 5 years only	-	**	(X)	(X)
All people	7.6%	+/-4.2	(X)	(X)
Under 18 years	14.6%	+/-11.7	(X)	(X)
Related children under 18 years	14.6%	+/-11.7	(X)	(X)
Related children under 5 years	0.0%	+/-60.4	(X)	(X)
Related children 5 to 17 years	17.6%	+/-14.2	(X)	(X)
18 years and over	5.8%	+/-3.2	(X)	(X)
18 to 64 years	4.8%	+/-3.3	(X)	(X)
65 years and over	11.2%	+/-11.1	(X)	(X)
People in families	6.1%	+/-4.4	(X)	(X)
Unrelated individuals 15 years and over	16.1%	+/-10.1	(X)	(X)

Source: U.S. Census Bureau, 2005-2009 American Community Survey

Data are based on a sample and are subject to sampling variability. The degree of uncertainty for an estimate arising from sampling variability is represented through the use of a margin of error. The value shown here is the 90 percent margin of error. The margin of error can be interpreted roughly as providing a 90 percent probability that the interval defined by the estimate minus the margin of error and the estimate plus the margin of error (the lower and upper confidence bounds) contains the true value. In addition to sampling variability, the ACS estimates are subject to nonsampling error (for a discussion of nonsampling variability, see [Accuracy of the Data](#)). The effect of nonsampling error is not represented in these tables.

Notes:

- Employment and unemployment estimates may vary from the official labor force data released by the Bureau of Labor Statistics because of differences in survey design and data collection. For guidance on differences in employment and unemployment estimates from different sources go to [Labor Force Guidance](#).
- Workers include members of the Armed Forces and civilians who were at work last week.
- Occupation codes are 4-digit codes and are based on Standard Occupational Classification 2000.
- Industry codes are 4-digit codes and are based on the North American Industry Classification System 2002 and 2007. The 2005, 2006 and 2007 ACS data are coded using NAICS 2002 while the 2008 and 2009 ACS data use NAICS 2007 codes. Categories that differ between 2002 and 2007 NAICS are aggregated so that the 5 years of data are consistent in display and reflect the NAICS 2007 codes. The industry categories adhere to the guidelines issued in Clarification Memorandum No. 2, "NAICS Alternate Aggregation Structure for Use By U.S. Statistical Agencies," issued by the Office of Management and Budget.
- Selected earnings and income data are not available for certain geographic areas due to problems with group quarters data collection and imputation. See the [ACS User Notes](#) for details.
- Logical coverage edits applying a rules-based assignment of Medicaid, Medicare and military health coverage were added in 2009 -- please see http://www.census.gov/hhes/www/hlthins/publications/coverage_edits_final.pdf for more details.
- While the 2005-2009 American Community Survey (ACS) data generally reflect the November 2008 Office of Management and Budget (OMB) definitions of metropolitan and micropolitan statistical areas; in certain instances the names, codes, and boundaries of the principal cities shown in ACS tables may differ from the OMB definitions due to differences in the effective dates of the geographic entities.
- Estimates of urban and rural population, housing units, and characteristics reflect boundaries of urban areas defined based on Census 2000 data. Boundaries for urban areas have not been updated since Census 2000. As a result, data for urban and rural areas from the ACS do not necessarily reflect the results of ongoing urbanization.

Explanation of Symbols:

1. An '***' entry in the margin of error column indicates that either no sample observations or too few sample observations were available to compute a standard error and thus the margin of error. A statistical test is not appropriate.
2. An '-' entry in the estimate column indicates that either no sample observations or too few sample observations were available to compute an estimate, or a

ratio of medians cannot be calculated because one or both of the median estimates falls in the lowest interval or upper interval of an open-ended distribution.

3. An '-' following a median estimate means the median falls in the lowest interval of an open-ended distribution.


4. An '+' following a median estimate means the median falls in the upper interval of an open-ended distribution.

5. An '****' entry in the margin of error column indicates that the median falls in the lowest interval or upper interval of an open-ended distribution. A statistical test is not appropriate.

6. An '*****' entry in the margin of error column indicates that the estimate is controlled. A statistical test for sampling variability is not appropriate.

7. An 'N' entry in the estimate and margin of error columns indicates that data for this geographic area cannot be displayed because the number of sample cases is too small.

8. An '(X)' means that the estimate is not applicable or not available.

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