# U.S. Census Bureau

# American FactFinder



### Persia town, Cattaraugus County, New York

**Selected Economic Characteristics: 2005-2009** 

Data Set: 2005-2009 American Community Survey 5-Year Estimates

Survey: American Community Survey

NOTE. Although the American Community Survey (ACS) produces population, demographic and housing unit estimates, it is the Census Bureau's Population Estimates Program that produces and disseminates the official estimates of the population for the nation, states, counties, cities and towns and estimates of housing units for states and counties.

For more information on confidentiality protection, sampling error, nonsampling error, and definitions, see Survey Methodology.

EMPLOYMENT STATUS		Margin of Error		
Population 16 years and over	2,117	+/-228	2,117	(Х
In labor force	1,262	+/-131	59.6%	+/-6.
Civilian labor force	1,254	+/-131	59.2%	+/-6.
Employed	1,129	+/-130	53.3%	+/-6.
Unemployed	125	+/-51	5.9%	+/-2.
Armed Forces	8	+/-11	0.4%	+/-2.
Not in labor force	855	+/-193		+/-6.
Civilian labor force	1,254	+/-131	1,254	(X
Percent Unemployed	10.0%	+/-3.9	1,234 (X)	(X
Percent Oriemployed	10.0%	+/-3.9	(^)	(^
Females 16 years and over	1,087	+/-128	1,087	()
In labor force	625	+/-72	57.5%	+/-7.
Civilian labor force	625	+/-72	57.5%	+/-7.
Employed	567	+/-74	52.2%	+/-7.
Own children under 6 years	153	+/-68	153	(X
All parents in family in labor force	141	+/-70	92.2%	+/-9.
Own children 6 to 17 years	387	+/-80	387	(х
All parents in family in labor force	304	+/-82	78.6%	+/-12.
COMMUTING TO WORK				
Workers 16 years and over	1,059	+/-126	1,059	(X
Car, truck, or van drove alone	766	+/-127	72.3%	+/-7.
Car, truck, or van carpooled	96	+/-43	9.1%	+/-4.
Public transportation (excluding taxicab)	8	+/-11	0.8%	+/-1.
Walked	100	+/-50	9.4%	+/-4.
Other means	31	+/-25	2.9%	+/-2.
Worked at home	58	+/-39	5.5%	+/-3.
Mean travel time to work (minutes)	22.5	+/-2.5	(X)	(X
OCCUPATION				
Civilian employed population 16 years and over	1,129	+/-130	1,129	(Х
Management, professional, and related occupations	325	+/-69	28.8%	+/-5.
Service occupations	353	+/-92	31.3%	+/-6.
Sales and office occupations	168	+/-52	14.9%	+/-4.
Farming, fishing, and forestry occupations	29	+/-32	2.6%	+/-2.
Construction, extraction, maintenance, and repair occupations	149	+/-51	13.2%	+/-4.
Production, transportation, and material moving occupations	105	+/-45	9.3%	+/-4.

1 of 4 7/11/2011 11:40 AM

Selected Economic Characteristics	Estimate	Margin of Error	Percent	Margin of Error
INDUSTRY				
Civilian employed population 16 years and over	1,129	+/-130	1,129	(X)
Agriculture, forestry, fishing and hunting, and mining	29	+/-32	2.6%	+/-2.8
Construction	84	+/-41	7.4%	+/-3.5
Manufacturing	104	+/-47	9.2%	+/-4.4
Wholesale trade	5	+/-8	0.4%	+/-0.7
Retail trade	101	+/-69	8.9%	+/-5.9
Transportation and warehousing, and utilities	41	+/-30	3.6%	+/-2.6
Information	9	+/-12	0.8%	+/-1.1
Finance and insurance, and real estate and rental and leasing	29	+/-16	2.6%	+/-1.4
Professional, scientific, and management, and administrative and waste management services	72	+/-38	6.4%	+/-3.3
Educational services, and health care and social assistance	448	+/-104	39.7%	+/-7.5
Arts, entertainment, and recreation, and accommodation and food services	64	+/-33	5.7%	+/-2.9
Other services, except public administration	40	+/-22	3.5%	+/-2.0
Public administration	103	+/-39	9.1%	+/-3.4
CLASS OF WORKER				
Civilian employed population 16 years and over	1,129	+/-130	1,129	(X
Private wage and salary workers	730	+/-118	64.7%	+/-7.8
Government workers	352	+/-97	31.2%	+/-7.5
Self-employed in own not incorporated business workers	41	+/-22	3.6%	+/-2.0
Unpaid family workers	6	+/-9	0.5%	+/-0.8
INCOME AND DENETITE (IN 2000 INT. ATION AD HISTER DOLLARS)				
INCOME AND BENEFITS (IN 2009 INFLATION-ADJUSTED DOLLARS)  Total households	1,000	+/-75	1,000	<b>~</b>
Less than \$10,000		+/-/5	7,000 7.1%	(X) +/-3.3
	71			
\$10,000 to \$14,999	13	+/-13	1.3%	+/-1.3
\$15,000 to \$24,999	112	+/-45	11.2%	+/-4.5
\$25,000 to \$34,999	125	+/-42	12.5%	+/-4.3
\$35,000 to \$49,999	287	+/-73	28.7%	+/-6.9
\$50,000 to \$74,999	193	+/-56	19.3%	+/-5.5
\$75,000 to \$99,999	105	+/-35	10.5%	+/-3.4
\$100,000 to \$149,999	56	+/-22	5.6%	+/-2.2
\$150,000 to \$199,999	7	+/-8	0.7%	+/-0.8
\$200,000 or more	31	+/-33	3.1%	+/-3.2
Median household income (dollars)	44,242	+/-1,772	(X)	(X
Mean household income (dollars)	55,503	+/-7,542	(X)	(X
With earnings	784	+/-77	78.4%	+/-5.1
Mean earnings (dollars)	54,157	+/-9,047	(X)	(X
With Social Security	291	+/-50	29.1%	+/-5.1
Mean Social Security income (dollars)	16,840	+/-1,861	(X)	(X
With retirement income	260	+/-59	26.0%	+/-5.4
Mean retirement income (dollars)	17,380	+/-3,557	(X)	(X
With Complemental Constitutions	50	./26	F 20/	./2/
With Supplemental Security Income	53 7,806	+/-36 +/-1,203	5.3% (X)	+/-3.5 (Y
Mean Supplemental Security Income (dollars) With cash public assistance income				(X
With cash public assistance income  Mean cash public assistance income (dollars)	2,853	+/-24 +/-2,125	3.4%	+/-2.4 (Y
With Food Stamp/SNAP benefits in the past 12 months	147	+/-2,123	(X) 14.7%	(X +/-5.6
	-			
Families	708	+/-77	708	(X
Less than \$10,000	13	+/-13	1.8%	+/-1.8
\$10,000 to \$14,999	27	+/-25	3.8%	+/-3.5
\$15,000 to \$24,999	97	+/-50	13.7%	+/-6.8
\$25,000 to \$34,999	127	+/-42	17.9%	+/-5.5
\$35,000 to \$49,999	101	+/-36	14.3%	+/-5.1
\$50,000 to \$74,999	167	+/-53	23.6%	+/-7.1
\$75,000 to \$99,999	96	+/-34	13.6%	+/-4.5
\$100,000 to \$149,999	48	+/-22	6.8%	+/-3.2
\$150,000 to \$199,999	7	+/-8	1.0%	+/-1.
\$200,000 or more	25	+/-32	3.5%	+/-4.3
Median family income (dollars)	48,750	+/-6,661	(X)	(X
Mean family income (dollars)	60,118	+/-9,323	(X)	(X)

2 of 4 7/11/2011 11:40 AM

Selected Economic Characteristics	Estimate	Margin of Error	Percent	Margin of Error
Nonfamily households	292	+/-68	292	(X)
Median nonfamily income (dollars)	27,500	+/-14,925	(X)	(X)
Mean nonfamily income (dollars)	36,303	+/-8,984	(X)	(X)
Median earnings for workers (dollars)	23,807	+/-2,862	(X)	(X)
Median earnings for male full-time, year-round workers (dollars)	36,094	+/-3,495	(X)	(X)
Median earnings for female full-time, year-round workers (dollars)	38,983	+/-1,658	(X)	(X)
HEALTH INSURANCE COVERAGE				
Civilian Noninstitutionalized Population	(X)	(X)	(X)	(X)
With health insurance coverage	(X)	(X)	(X)	(X)
With private health insurance coverage	(X)	(X)	(X)	(X)
With public health coverage	(X)	(X)	(X)	(X)
No health insurance coverage	(X)	(X)	(X)	(X)
Civilian Noninstitutionalized Population Under 18 years	(X)	(X)	(X)	(X)
No health insurance coverage	(X)	(X)	(X)	(X)
PERCENTAGE OF FAMILIES AND PEOPLE WHOSE INCOME IN THE PAS	Γ 12 MONTHS IS BELOW	THE POVERTY	LEVEL	
All families	10.2%	+/-6.1	(X)	(X)
With related children under 18 years	12.3%	+/-10.5	(X)	(X)
With related children under 5 years only	0.0%	+/-41.5	(X)	(X)
Married couple families	4.9%	+/-3.8	(X)	(X)
With related children under 18 years	6.6%	+/-8.0	(X)	(X)
With related children under 5 years only	0.0%	+/-61.6	(X)	(X)
Families with female householder, no husband present	35.0%	+/-24.4	(X)	(X)
With related children under 18 years	30.9%	+/-34.0	(X)	(X)
With related children under 5 years only	-	**	(X)	(X)
All people	14.8%	+/-5.5	(X)	(X)
Under 18 years	18.1%	+/-14.5	(X)	(X)
Related children under 18 years	18.1%	+/-14.5	(X)	(X)
Related children under 5 years	16.9%	+/-24.7	(X)	(X)
Related children 5 to 17 years	18.4%	+/-15.1	(X)	(X)
18 years and over	13.8%	+/-4.1	(X)	(X)
18 to 64 years	13.7%	+/-4.3	(X)	(X)
65 years and over	4.4.407	+/-9.0	(X)	(X)
	14.4%	1/-5.0	(/ (/	
People in families	14.4% 10.9%	+/-6.7	(X)	(X)

Source: U.S. Census Bureau, 2005-2009 American Community Survey

Data are based on a sample and are subject to sampling variability. The degree of uncertainty for an estimate arising from sampling variability is represented through the use of a margin of error. The value shown here is the 90 percent margin of error. The margin of error can be interpreted roughly as providing a 90 percent probability that the interval defined by the estimate minus the margin of error and the estimate plus the margin of error (the lower and upper confidence bounds) contains the true value. In addition to sampling variability, the ACS estimates are subject to nonsampling error (for a discussion of nonsampling variability, see Accuracy of the Data). The effect of nonsampling error is not represented in these tables.

#### Notes:

- Employment and unemployment estimates may vary from the official labor force data released by the Bureau of Labor Statistics because of differences in survey design and data collection. For guidance on differences in employment and unemployment estimates from different sources go to Labor Force Guidance.
- Workers include members of the Armed Forces and civilians who were at work last week.
   Occupation codes are 4-digit codes and are based on Standard Occupational Classification 2000.
- Industry codes are 4-digit codes and are based on the North American Industry Classification System 2002 and 2007. The 2005, 2006 and 2007 ACS data are coded using NAICS 2002 while the 2008 and 2009 ACS data use NAICS 2007 codes. Categories that differ between 2002 and 2007 NAICS are aggregated so that the 5 years of data are consistent in display and reflect the NAICS 2007 codes. The Industry categories adhere to the guidelines issued in Clarification Memorandum No. 2, "NAICS Alternate Aggregation Structure for Use By U.S. Statistical Agencies," issued by the Office of Management and Budget.

  Selected earnings and income data are not available for certain geographic areas due to problems with group quarters data collection and imputation. See the ACS User Notes for details.
- ·Logical coverage edits applying a rules-based assignment of Medicaid, Medicare and military health coverage were added in 2009 -- please see http://www.census.gov/hhes/www/hlthins/publications/coverage\_edits\_final.pdf for more details.
- •While the 2005-2009 American Community Survey (ACS) data generally reflect the November 2008 Office of Management and Budget (OMB) definitions of metropolitan and micropolitan statistical areas; in certain instances the names, codes, and boundaries of the principal cities shown in ACS tables may differ from the OMB definitions due to differences in the effective dates of the geographic entities.
- •Estimates of urban and rural population, housing units, and characteristics reflect boundaries of urban areas defined based on Census 2000 data. Boundaries for urban areas have not been updated since Census 2000. As a result, data for urban and rural areas from the ACS do not necessarily reflect the results of ongoing urbanization.

#### Explanation of Symbols:

- 1. An '\*\*' entry in the margin of error column indicates that either no sample observations or too few sample observations were available to compute a standard error and thus the margin of error. A statistical test is not appropriate.
- 2. An '-' entry in the estimate column indicates that either no sample observations or too few sample observations were available to compute an estimate, or a

3 of 4 7/11/2011 11:40 AM

### Persia town, Cattaraugus County, New York - Selected Economic Characteristics: 2005-2009

ratio of medians cannot be calculated because one or both of the median estimates falls in the lowest interval or upper interval of an open-ended distribution.

- 3. An '-' following a median estimate means the median falls in the lowest interval of an open-ended distribution.
- 4. An '+' following a median estimate means the median falls in the upper interval of an open-ended distribution.
- 5. An '\*\*\*' entry in the margin of error column indicates that the median falls in the lowest interval or upper interval of an open-ended distribution. A statistical test is not appropriate.
  6. An '\*\*\*\*\* entry in the margin of error column indicates that the estimate is controlled. A statistical test for sampling variability is not appropriate.
- 7. An 'N' entry in the estimate and margin of error columns indicates that data for this geographic area cannot be displayed because the number of sample cases
- 8. An '(X)' means that the estimate is not applicable or not available.

The letters PDF or symbol indicate a document is in the Portable Document Format (PDF). To view the file you will need the Adobe® Acrobat® Reader, which is available for **free** from the Adobe web site.

7/11/2011 11:40 AM 4 of 4