U.S. Census Bureau

American FactFinder



Portville town, Cattaraugus County, New York

Selected Economic Characteristics: 2005-2009

Data Set: 2005-2009 American Community Survey 5-Year Estimates

Survey: American Community Survey

NOTE. Although the American Community Survey (ACS) produces population, demographic and housing unit estimates, it is the Census Bureau's Population Estimates Program that produces and disseminates the official estimates of the population for the nation, states, counties, cities and towns and estimates of housing units for states and counties.

For more information on confidentiality protection, sampling error, nonsampling error, and definitions, see Survey Methodology.

Selected Economic Characteristics	Estimate	Margin of Error	Percent	Margin of Erro
EMPLOYMENT STATUS				
Population 16 years and over	3,013	+/-166	3,013	(X
In labor force	2,053	+/-188	68.1%	+/-4.
Civilian labor force	2,053	+/-188	68.1%	+/-4.
Employed	1,963	+/-196	65.2%	+/-5.
Unemployed	90	+/-48	3.0%	+/-1.
Armed Forces	0	+/-123	0.0%	+/-1.
Not in labor force	960	+/-154	31.9%	+/-4.
Civilian labor force	2,053	+/-188	2,053	(Х
Percent Unemployed	4.4%	+/-2.4	(X)	(X
Females 16 years and over	1,541	+/-100	1,541	(X
In labor force	967	+/-118	62.8%	+/-6.
Civilian labor force	967	+/-118	62.8%	+/-6.
Employed	929	+/-116	60.3%	+/-6.
Own children under 6 years	235	+/-97	235	(X
All parents in family in labor force	175	+/-94		+/-19.9
Own children 6 to 17 years	590	+/-160	590	(X
All parents in family in labor force	503	+/-162		+/-9.:
COMMUTING TO WORK				
Workers 16 years and over	1,906	+/-200	1,906	(X
Car, truck, or van drove alone	1,622	+/-230	85.1%	+/-5.
Car, truck, or van carpooled	199	+/-83	10.4%	+/-4.0
Public transportation (excluding taxicab)	0	+/-123	0.0%	+/-1.8
Walked	20	+/-20	1.0%	+/-1.
Other means	10	+/-15	0.5%	+/-0.
Worked at home	55	+/-39	2.9%	+/-2.
Mean travel time to work (minutes)	19.4	+/-3.1	(X)	(X
OCCUPATION				
Civilian employed population 16 years and over	1,963	+/-196	1,963	(Х
Management, professional, and related occupations	633	+/-123	32.2%	+/-7.
Service occupations	295	+/-95	15.0%	+/-4.
Sales and office occupations	507	+/-159	25.8%	+/-6.
Farming, fishing, and forestry occupations	0	+/-123		+/-1.
Construction, extraction, maintenance, and repair occupations	154	+/-65	7.8%	+/-3.
Production, transportation, and material moving occupations	374	+/-106	19.1%	+/-4.

Selected Economic Characteristics	Estimate	Margin of Error	Percent	Margin of Erro
INDUSTRY				
Civilian employed population 16 years and over	1,963	+/-196	1,963	(X
Agriculture, forestry, fishing and hunting, and mining	9	+/-14	0.5%	+/-0.7
Construction	80	+/-43	4.1%	+/-2.3
Manufacturing	397	+/-104	20.2%	+/-5.4
Wholesale trade	41	+/-26	2.1%	+/-1.4
Retail trade	174	+/-86	8.9%	+/-3.9
Transportation and warehousing, and utilities	44	+/-37	2.2%	+/-1.9
Information	36	+/-32	1.8%	+/-1.6
Finance and insurance, and real estate and rental and leasing	99	+/-39	5.0%	+/-2.2
Professional, scientific, and management, and administrative and waste management services	107	+/-48	5.5%	+/-2.5
Educational services, and health care and social assistance	714	+/-161	36.4%	+/-6.
Arts, entertainment, and recreation, and accommodation and food services	162	+/-67	8.3%	+/-3.3
Other services, except public administration Public administration	48 52	+/-35 +/-34	2.4% 2.6%	+/-1.8 +/-1.7
CLASS OF WORKER				
Civilian employed population 16 years and over	1,963	+/-196	1,963	(X
Private wage and salary workers	1,452	+/-178	74.0%	+/-7.5
Government workers	361	+/-171	18.4%	+/-7.9
Self-employed in own not incorporated business workers	150	+/-79	7.6%	+/-4.:
Unpaid family workers	0	+/-123	0.0%	+/-1.5
INCOME AND BENEFITS (IN 2009 INFLATION-ADJUSTED DOLLARS)				
Total households	1,621	+/-110	1,621	(X
Less than \$10,000	80	+/-40	4.9%	+/-2.4
\$10,000 to \$14,999	87	+/-43	5.4%	+/-2.6
\$15,000 to \$24,999	178	+/-64	11.0%	+/-4.0
\$25,000 to \$34,999	237	+/-74	14.6%	+/-4.
\$35,000 to \$49,999	294	+/-96	18.1%	+/-5.5
\$50,000 to \$74,999	276	+/-72	17.0%	+/-4.6
\$75,000 to \$99,999	306	+/-93	18.9%	+/-5.9
\$100,000 to \$149,999	120	+/-50	7.4%	+/-3.
\$150,000 to \$199,999	29	+/-23	1.8%	+/-1.5
\$200,000 or more	14	+/-11	0.9%	+/-0.7
Median household income (dollars)	46,524	+/-4,630	(X)	(X
Mean household income (dollars)	56,825	+/-4,341	(X)	(X
With earnings	1,310	+/-88	80.8%	+/-4.5
Mean earnings (dollars)	55,992	+/-5,198	(X)	(X
With Social Security	518	+/-114	32.0%	+/-5.9
Mean Social Security income (dollars)	14,660	+/-1,285	(X)	(X
With retirement income	332	+/-109	20.5%	+/-6.2
Mean retirement income (dollars)	14,663	+/-4,318	(X)	(X
With Supplemental Security Income	96	+/-42	5.9%	+/-2.7
Mean Supplemental Security Income (dollars)	6,292	+/-1,424	(X)	(X
With cash public assistance income	46	+/-34	2.8%	+/-2.
Mean cash public assistance income (dollars)	6,791	+/-6,687	(X)	(X
With Food Stamp/SNAP benefits in the past 12 months	106	+/-50	6.5%	+/-3.0
Families	1,109	+/-74	1,109	(X
Less than \$10,000	38	+/-34	3.4%	+/-3.
\$10,000 to \$14,999	16	+/-18	1.4%	+/-1.6
\$15,000 to \$24,999	150	+/-70	13.5%	+/-6.3
\$25,000 to \$34,999	144	+/-61	13.0%	+/-5.3
\$35,000 to \$49,999	172	+/-73	15.5%	+/-6.3
\$50,000 to \$74,999	223	+/-60	20.1%	+/-5.3
\$75,000 to \$99,999	227	+/-92	20.5%	+/-8.2
\$100,000 to \$149,999	111	+/-49	10.0%	+/-4.5
\$150,000 to \$199,999	14	+/-14	1.3%	+/-1.3
\$200,000 or more	14	+/-11	1.3%	+/-1.0
Median family income (dollars)	53,719	+/-8,474	(X)	(X
Mean family income (dollars)	62,355	+/-5,993	(X)	(X
	24,199	+/-2,055	(X)	(X

Selected Economic Characteristics	Estimate	Margin of Error	Percent	Margin of Error
Nonfamily households	512	+/-131	512	(X)
Median nonfamily income (dollars)	29,556	+/-11,839	(X)	(X)
Mean nonfamily income (dollars)	38,893	+/-5,583	(X)	(X)
Median earnings for workers (dollars)	29,217	+/-1,699	(X)	(X)
Median earnings for male full-time, year-round workers (dollars)	41,957	+/-6,239	(X)	(X)
Median earnings for female full-time, year-round workers (dollars)	29,731	+/-10,647	(X)	(X)
HEALTH INSURANCE COVERAGE				
Civilian Noninstitutionalized Population	(X)	(X)	(X)	(X)
With health insurance coverage	(X)	(X)	(X)	(X)
With private health insurance coverage	(X)	(X)	(X)	(X)
With public health coverage	(X)	(X)	(X)	(X)
No health insurance coverage	(X)	(X)	(X)	(X)
Civilian Noninstitutionalized Population Under 18 years	(X)	(X)	(X)	(X)
No health insurance coverage	(X)	(X)	(X)	(X)
PERCENTAGE OF FAMILIES AND PEOPLE WHOSE INCOME IN THE PAS	T 12 MONTHS IS BELOV	THE POVERTY	LEVEL	
All families	4.4%	+/-2.9	(X)	(X)
With related children under 18 years	8.1%	+/-5.9	(X)	(X)
With related children under 5 years only	24.5%	+/-24.7	(X)	(X)
Married couple families	1.0%	+/-1.5	(X)	(X)
With related children under 18 years	0.0%	+/-11.2	(X)	(X)
With related children under 5 years only	0.0%	+/-41.9	(X)	(X)
Families with female householder, no husband present	13.3%	+/-13.1	(X)	(X)
With related children under 18 years	16.0%	+/-15.8	(X)	(X)
With related children under 5 years only	52.1%	+/-39.2	(X)	(X)
All people	6.4%	+/-2.8	(X)	(X)
Under 18 years	6.5%	+/-4.9	(X)	(X)
Related children under 18 years	5.1%	+/-4.4	(X)	(X)
Related children under 5 years	14.0%	+/-16.3	(X)	(X)
Related children 5 to 17 years	2.3%	+/-2.8	(X)	(X)
18 years and over	6.4%	+/-2.7	(X)	(X)
18 to 64 years	6.1%	+/-3.1	(X)	(X
65 years and over	7.9%	+/-4.4	(X)	(X)
65 years and over People in families		+/-4.4 +/-2.3	(X) (X)	(X)

Source: U.S. Census Bureau, 2005-2009 American Community Survey

Data are based on a sample and are subject to sampling variability. The degree of uncertainty for an estimate arising from sampling variability is represented through the use of a margin of error. The value shown here is the 90 percent margin of error. The margin of error can be interpreted roughly as providing a 90 percent probability that the interval defined by the estimate minus the margin of error and the estimate plus the margin of error (the lower and upper confidence bounds) contains the true value. In addition to sampling variability, the ACS estimates are subject to nonsampling error (for a discussion of nonsampling variability, see Accuracy of the Data). The effect of nonsampling error is not represented in these tables.

Notes:

- Employment and unemployment estimates may vary from the official labor force data released by the Bureau of Labor Statistics because of differences in survey design and data collection. For guidance on differences in employment and unemployment estimates from different sources go to Labor Force Guidance.
- Workers include members of the Armed Forces and civilians who were at work last week.
 Occupation codes are 4-digit codes and are based on Standard Occupational Classification 2000.
- Industry codes are 4-digit codes and are based on the North American Industry Classification System 2002 and 2007. The 2005, 2006 and 2007 ACS data are coded using NAICS 2002 while the 2008 and 2009 ACS data use NAICS 2007 codes. Categories that differ between 2002 and 2007 NAICS are aggregated so that the 5 years of data are consistent in display and reflect the NAICS 2007 codes. The Industry categories adhere to the guidelines issued in Clarification Memorandum No. 2, "NAICS Alternate Aggregation Structure for Use By U.S. Statistical Agencies," issued by the Office of Management and Budget.

 -Selected earnings and income data are not available for certain geographic areas due to problems with group quarters data collection and imputation. See the ACS User Notes for details.
- ·Logical coverage edits applying a rules-based assignment of Medicaid, Medicare and military health coverage were added in 2009 -- please see http://www.census.gov/hhes/www/hlthins/publications/coverage_edits_final.pdf for more details.
- •While the 2005-2009 American Community Survey (ACS) data generally reflect the November 2008 Office of Management and Budget (OMB) definitions of metropolitan and micropolitan statistical areas; in certain instances the names, codes, and boundaries of the principal cities shown in ACS tables may differ from the OMB definitions due to differences in the effective dates of the geographic entities.
- •Estimates of urban and rural population, housing units, and characteristics reflect boundaries of urban areas defined based on Census 2000 data. Boundaries for urban areas have not been updated since Census 2000. As a result, data for urban and rural areas from the ACS do not necessarily reflect the results of ongoing urbanization.

Explanation of Symbols:

- 1. An '**' entry in the margin of error column indicates that either no sample observations or too few sample observations were available to compute a standard error and thus the margin of error. A statistical test is not appropriate.
- 2. An '-' entry in the estimate column indicates that either no sample observations or too few sample observations were available to compute an estimate, or a

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ratio of medians cannot be calculated because one or both of the median estimates falls in the lowest interval or upper interval of an open-ended distribution.

- 3. An '-' following a median estimate means the median falls in the lowest interval of an open-ended distribution.
- 4. An '+' following a median estimate means the median falls in the upper interval of an open-ended distribution.
- 5. An '***' entry in the margin of error column indicates that the median falls in the lowest interval or upper interval of an open-ended distribution. A statistical test is not appropriate.
- 6. An '*****' entry in the margin of error column indicates that the estimate is controlled. A statistical test for sampling variability is not appropriate.
- 7. An 'N' entry in the estimate and margin of error columns indicates that data for this geographic area cannot be displayed because the number of sample cases is too small
- 8. An '(X)' means that the estimate is not applicable or not available.

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